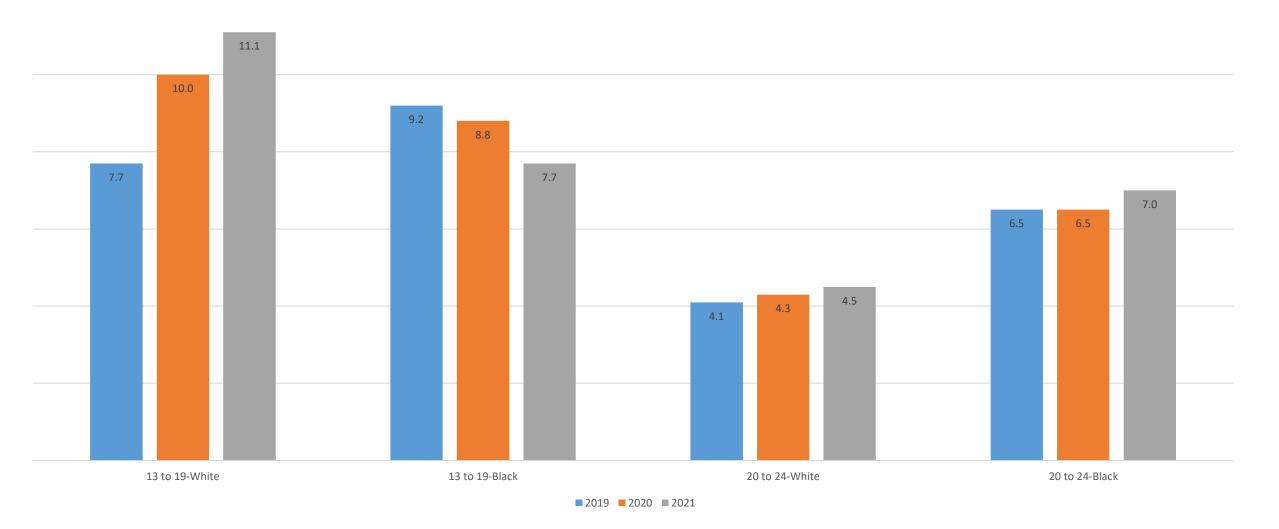


"...During the COVID-19 pandemic...having NO prenatal care decreased by 4% in [Medicaid] expansion states BUT increase by 13% in non-expansion states" (*DOI*: 10.1097/PHH.0000000000001698). In Duval, pregnant women under 20 years of age had a higher percentage of no prenatal care use. "Socioeconomic disadvantage impacts maternal health and access to care, affecting the preterm delivery rate and infant mortality" (doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2023.11761).

Data Source: https://www.flhealthcharts.gov/ChartsDashboards/rdPage.aspx?rdReport=Birth.Dataviewer Data Extraction Date: June 2023 Graph Last Updated: June 2023



"...PNC is essential to the health of mother and baby. Teenage pregnancy [is a unique challenge because it] increases the risk of infant mortality, preterm birth, low birth weight, placental abruption, and eclampsia. Pregnant teenagers are more likely to be poverty-stricken, of minority racial or ethnic status, have less education, and be unmarried compared to their older peers" (https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s12884-023-05662-x).